

# Firefly Algorithm: A Brief Review of the Expanding Literature

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**Abstract** Firefly algorithm (FA) was developed by Xin-She Yang in 2008 and it has become an important tool for solving the hardest optimization problems in almost all areas of optimization as well as engineering practice. The literature has expanded significantly in the last few years. Various FA variants have been developed to suit different applications. This chapter provides a brief review of this expanding and state-of-the-art literature on this dynamic and rapidly evolving domain of swarm intelligence.

**Keywords** Firefly algorithm · Discrete firefly algorithm · Nature-inspired algorithm · Scheduling · Combinatorial optimization · Engineering optimization

## 1 Introduction

Among swarm-intelligence-based algorithms, firefly algorithm (FA) is now one of the most widely used. Firefly algorithm was developed by Xin-She Yang in 2008 [1], based on inspiration from the natural behavior of tropical fireflies. FA tries to mimic the flashing pattern and attraction behaviour of fireflies. The purpose of these flash-

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ing lights are twofold: to attract mating partners and to warn potential predators. Obviously, these flashing light and its intensity can obey some rules, including physical laws. In essence, FA uses the following three idealized rules [1]:

- Fireflies are unisex so that one firefly will be attracted to other fireflies regardless of their sex.
- The attractiveness is proportional to the brightness and they both decrease as their distance increases. Thus for any two flashing fireflies, the less brighter one will move towards the brighter one. If there is no brighter one than a particular firefly, it will move randomly.
- The brightness of a firefly is determined by the landscape of the objective function.

As a firefly's attractiveness is proportional to the light intensity seen by adjacent fireflies, we can now define the variation of attractiveness  $\beta$  with the distance  $r$  by

$$\beta = \beta_0 e^{-\gamma r^2}, \quad (1)$$

where  $\beta_0$  is the attractiveness at  $r = 0$ . The movement of a firefly  $i$  is attracted to another more attractive (brighter) firefly  $j$  is determined by

$$x_i^{t+1} = x_i^t + \beta_0 e^{-\gamma r_{ij}^2} (x_j^t - x_i^t) + \alpha \varepsilon_i^t, \quad (2)$$

where the second term is due to the attraction. The third term is randomization with  $\alpha$  being the randomization parameter, and  $\varepsilon_i^t$  is a vector of random numbers drawn from a Gaussian distribution at time  $t$ . Other studies also use the randomization  $\varepsilon_i^t$  can easily be extended to other distributions such as Lévy flights. It is worth pointing out that  $\gamma$  controls the scaling, while  $\alpha$  controls the randomness. For the algorithm to convergence properly, randomness should be gradually reduced, and one way to achieve this is to use

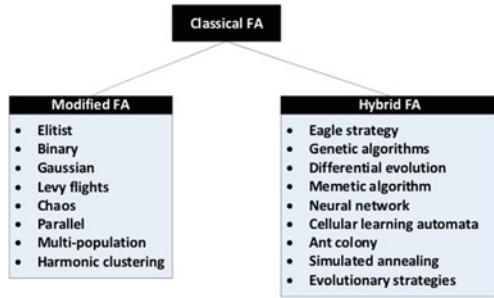
$$\alpha = \alpha_0 \theta^t, \quad \theta \in (0, 1), \quad (3)$$

where  $t$  is the index of iterations/generations. Here  $\alpha_0$  is the initial randomness factor, and we can set  $\alpha_0 = O(1)$  without losing generality.

Studies have shown that FA is very efficient [2–5]. Fister et al. provided a comprehensive review of the current literature of the firefly algorithm and its variants [6]. Since then, about 30 more journal papers published in the last a few months alone. In fact, a quick Google scholar search using firefly algorithm as the keyword returned 625 hits at the time of writing this chapter in July 2013. A similar search using Scirus gave 658 hits with 158 peer-reviewed journal papers. Therefore, it seems impossible to review every single piece of research work concerning firefly algorithms, however, it would be useful to summarize the key works/papers that we can get hold of and highlight the main and representative results.

Therefore, the main aim of this chapter is to briefly introduce the readers the state-of-the-art developments so as to provide classifications of variants, research works, and provide a good snapshot of the current literature. The rest of chapter

**Fig. 1** Variants of the firefly algorithm



is organized as follows. In Sect. 2, a brief review of the modified and hybridized firefly algorithms is presented. Section 3 deals with the application domains where the firefly algorithms were successfully used, while Sect. 4 focuses on the application of the firefly algorithm in engineering optimization. Finally, conclusions are drawn briefly and the directions for future work are discussed in Sect. 5.

## 2 Classifications of Firefly Algorithms

The standard firefly algorithm has been proved very efficient and it has three key advantages

- Automatic subdivision of the whole population into subgroups so that each subgroup can swarm around a local mode. Among all the local modes, there exists the global optimality. Therefore, FA can deal with multimodal optimization naturally.
- FA has the novel attraction mechanism among its multiple agents, and this attraction can speed up the convergence. The attractiveness term is nonlinear, and thus may be richer in terms of dynamical characteristics.
- FA can include PSO, DE and SA as its special cases as shown in Chap. 1. Therefore, it is no surprise that FA can efficiently deal with a diverse range of optimization problems.

Many researchers use FA to solve a diverse range of problems, and they have also tried to develop various variants to suit for specific types of applications with improved efficiency. Using similar classification as proposed in [6], the variants of the firefly algorithm can be divided into modified and hybridized algorithms (Fig. 1). In total, there are more than 20 different FA variants.

The short review of research papers concerning the classical firefly algorithms can be summarized in Table 1.

**Table 1** Classification of the firefly algorithms

Topic	References
The original firefly algorithm	[1]
Multi-modal test functions	[3]
Continuous and combinatorial optimization	[7]
Review of nature-inspired meta-heuristics	[8–10]

## 2.1 Modified FA

The modified firefly algorithms can be analyzed according to the setting of their algorithm-dependent parameters. In line with this, the firefly algorithms are classified according to the following criteria:

- representation of fireflies (binary, real-valued);
- population scheme (swarm, multi-swarm);
- evaluation of fitness function;
- determination of the best solution (non-elitism, elitism);
- randomization of moving the fireflies (uniform, Gaussian, Lévy flights, chaos distributions).

As a results, the existing studies concerning the modified algorithms can be presented in Table 2.

## 2.2 Hybrid Firefly Algorithms

The firefly algorithm has been designed as a global problem solver that should obtain the good results on the all classes of optimization problems. However, the No-Free-Launch theorem usually poses some limitations [42]. In order to overcome the limitations imposed by this theorem, hybrid methods tend to be used to develop new variants of nature-inspired algorithms including the variants of firefly algorithms. Various hybridizations have been applied on the firefly algorithm to seek improvements. Hybridization incorporates some problem-specific knowledge to the firefly algorithm. Normally, it was hybridized with other optimization algorithms, machine learning techniques, heuristics, etc. The short review of the major hybrid firefly algorithms is illustrated in Table 3.

## 3 Applications

Since its first appearance in 2008, in the last few years, the firefly algorithm has been used in almost every area of sciences and engineering, including optimization, classifications, travelling salesman problem, scheduling, image processing, and

**Table 2** Modified firefly algorithms

Topic	References
Elitist firefly algorithm	[11]
Binary represented firefly algorithm	[12–16]
Gaussian randomized firefly algorithm	[17, 18]
Lévy flights randomized firefly algorithm	[4, 18, 19]
Chaos randomized firefly algorithm	[20–22]
Parallel firefly algorithm	[23, 24]
Multi-population	[25]
Harmonic clustering	[26, 27]
Quaternion firefly algorithm	[28]

**Table 3** Hybrid firefly algorithms

Topic (with which the firefly algorithm hybridizes)	References
Eagle strategy using Lévy walk	[29]
Genetic algorithms	[15, 30]
Differential evolution	[31, 32]
Memetic algorithm	[33, 34]
Neural network	[35–37]
Cellular learning automata	[15, 38]
Ant colony	[39]
Simulated annealing	[40]
Evolutionary strategies	[41]

engineering designs. Some application domains are more theoretical, whilst others have focused on solving the real-world problems. The taxonomy of firefly algorithm applications can be seen in Fig. 2 where we have focused on three major areas of applications: optimization, classification and engineering designs.

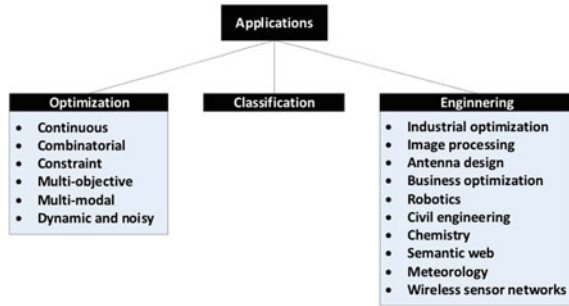
### 3.1 Optimization

The firefly algorithm has been applied into the following classes of problems:

- continuous,
- combinatorial,
- constraint,
- multi-objective,
- multi-modal,
- dynamic and noisy.

Continuous optimization problems often concern a set of real numbers or functions, whilst in the combinatorial optimization problems, solutions are sought from a

**Fig. 2** Taxonomy of firefly algorithm applications



**Table 4** Optimization applications

Topic	References
Continuous optimization	[2, 4, 7, 9, 18, 19, 46]
Combinatorial optimization	[47–55]
Constrained optimization	[56, 57]
Multi-objective optimization	[5, 58–63]
Multi-modal optimization	[64]
Dynamic and noisy environment	[65–69]

finite or infinite set, typically, of integers, sets, permutations, or graphs [43]. The latter class of optimization problems can also be called discrete optimization. Solutions of constrained problems must obey some limitations (also known as constraints). In the multi-objective problems, the quality of a solution is defined by its performance in relation to several, possibly conflicting, objectives. On the other hand, for multi-modal problems, there are a (large) number of local modes that are better than all their neighboring solutions, but do not have as good a fitness as the globally optimal solution [44]. The dynamic and noisy problems are non-stationary. That is, they change over time [45].

Various studies of the firefly algorithm in this application domain can be summarized in Table 4.

### 3.2 Classifications

Classification algorithms are procedures for selecting a hypothesis from a set of alternatives that best fits a set of observations or data. Usually, these algorithms are more relevant in machine learning, data mining, and neural networks. A review of existing studies from this area can be summarized as follows:

- The firefly algorithm was hybridized with the Rough Set Theory (RST) for finding a subset of features [70].
- The firefly algorithm was used for training the radial basis function (RBF) network [71].

**Table 5** Engineering applications

Engineering area	References	Total
Industrial optimization	[73–94]	22
Image processing	[95–103]	9
Antenna design	[104–108]	5
Business optimization	[109–112]	4
Robotics	[113–115]	3
Civil engineering	[116, 117]	2
Chemistry	[118, 119]	2
Semantic web	[120]	1
Meteorology	[121]	1
Wireless sensor networks	[122]	1

- The firefly algorithm was used for clustering data objects into groups according to the values of their attributes [72].

## 4 Engineering Optimization

The firefly algorithm has become one of the most important tools for solving the design optimization problems in routine engineering practice. As can be seen from Table 5, almost every engineering domain has been covered by the applications of this algorithm. The majority of studies come from engineering and industries.

In summary, the rapid expansion of the research literature on the firefly algorithms in engineering optimization proves that the firefly algorithms enter in its matured phase. That is, after initial theoretical studies, more and more applications from real-world case studies have been emerged, which means that this algorithm has become a serious tool for solving various challenging real-world problems.

## 5 Conclusion

Though with a relative short history up to now, the firefly algorithm has become a matured optimization tool for solving a diverse of range of optimization problems such as engineering designs, scheduling, feature selection, travelling salesman problems, image processing, classifications and industrial applications. Over 20 new FA variants have been developed and new applications and studies are emerging almost daily.

The popularity of the firefly algorithm and its variants may be due to their simplicity, flexibility, versatility and superior efficiency. It is no surprise that FA has been used in almost every area of sciences, engineering and industry.

However, there is still room for improvements. Firstly, theoretical analysis is still very limited, and this is also true for many other nature-inspired algorithms. Mathematical analysis is challenging, but it is possible to use theories such as dynamical systems, Markov chains and statistics to gain insights into the working mechanisms of various variants. Secondly, more applications should focus on large-scale real-world applications. Thirdly, parameter tuning and parameter control can be a very useful area for further research. Finally, the current research communities strive to find better and smarter algorithms. It can be expected that the firefly algorithm and its variants may be extended and further developed into some sort of self-evolving and truly intelligent algorithms.

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